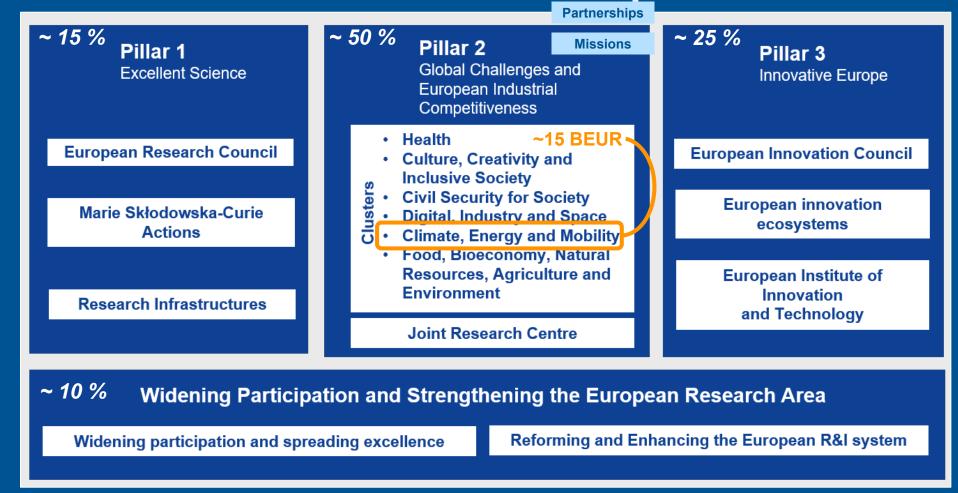
## The Horizon Europe framework



## Horizon Europe





### 95,5 billion euro



## Cluster 5 Partnerships

- Focus on specific areas which need extra attention
- Develop a Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda describing future R&I needs
- Contribute to Calls for proposals and additional activities

### Institutionalised

- Transforming Europe's rail system
- Integrated Air Traffic Management
- Clean Aviation
- Clean Hydrogen

#### Co-funded

- Driving Urban Transitions to a sustainable future (DUT)
- Clean Energy Transition (CETP)

### **Co-programmed**

- Built4People | People-centric sustainable built environment
- Towards zero-emission road transport (2ZERO)
- Batteries: Towards a competitive European industrial battery value chain for stationary applications and e-mobility
- Zero-emission waterborne transport
- Connected, Cooperative and Automated Mobility (CCAM)





### Europe's Rail: EU Funding Program for Innovations in the Rail Sector 2021-2027

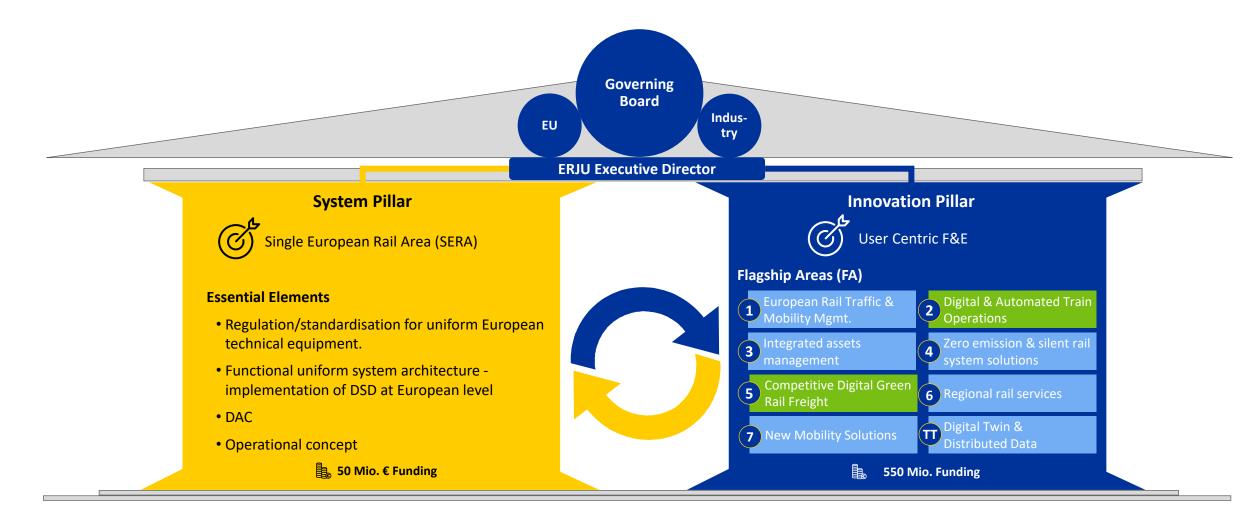




- Joint Undertaking by the EU and 25 Partners
- Europe's Rail brings together European R&D in the rail sector
- Total budget: 1.2 billion euros (funding 600 million euros)
- The objectives of EU-Rail have been set to address the EU policy objectives, rail sector vision, and the challenges inherent to the transformation of the rail system.
- Specifically, this will result in:
  - Meeting evolving customer requirements
  - Improved performance and capacity
  - Reduced costs
  - More sustainable transport
  - Harmonised approach to evolution and greater adaptability
  - Reinforced role for rail in European transport and mobility
  - Improved EU rail supply industry competitiveness

## Europe's Rail: Research and Development as well as Overall System Architecture and Standardisation Activities under one Roof





# manual freight wagon coupling





## automatic freight wagon coupling



mechanical, pneumatical, energy & data coupling

### Deployment of Digital Automatic Couplings (DAC) as a Game-Changer



Evolving rail freight traffic through implementation of DAC in Europe

Increasing the share of rail freight in the modal split

Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Contribution to achieving EU's climate targets

Greening Freight Transport &
European Green Deal:
Making Europe
Climate Neutral in 2050



DAC for Rail Freight....

- is THE **key enabler for automation and digitalisation** of rail freight
- will increase productivity, capacity, quality, safety and competiveness of European rail freight system by significantly reducing time and efforts for shunting and train preparation and by increasing capacity during train run
- will enable innovative customer services by providing data and energy on wagons
- will transform the European rail freight system and significantly increase the modal share contributing to the decarbonisation goals in Europe
- needs further development (technology, operations, standardisation, migration,...) having in mind the window of opportunity until 2030
- needs funding for deployment: The DAC transformation is very beneficial from a societal perspective (30y), but for a positive business case for RU/WK (10y), public financial support is required









Increase track capacity by longer, heavier, faster trains

**Efficiency** 

**Enabler function** 

for automated rail

operation

Safety, Energy,

Noise

increase

Train integrity check as prerequisite for ETCS level 3

Increased derailment safety



Rail Traffic Company (RU)

Reduction shunting costs; longer, heavier, faster trains, increase system speed

Increase wagon availability through predictive maintenance

Automated rail operation, e.g. autom. brake test, wagon sequency, monitoring components



Wagon Keeper

Reduction of maintenance costs wheel sets / buffers

Increase wagon availability through predictive maintenance

Workplace safety shunting, derailment safety, reduction of noise emissions, higher recuperation energy



Shipper

Higher payload per wagon / train; Increasing attractiveness of rail for modal shift

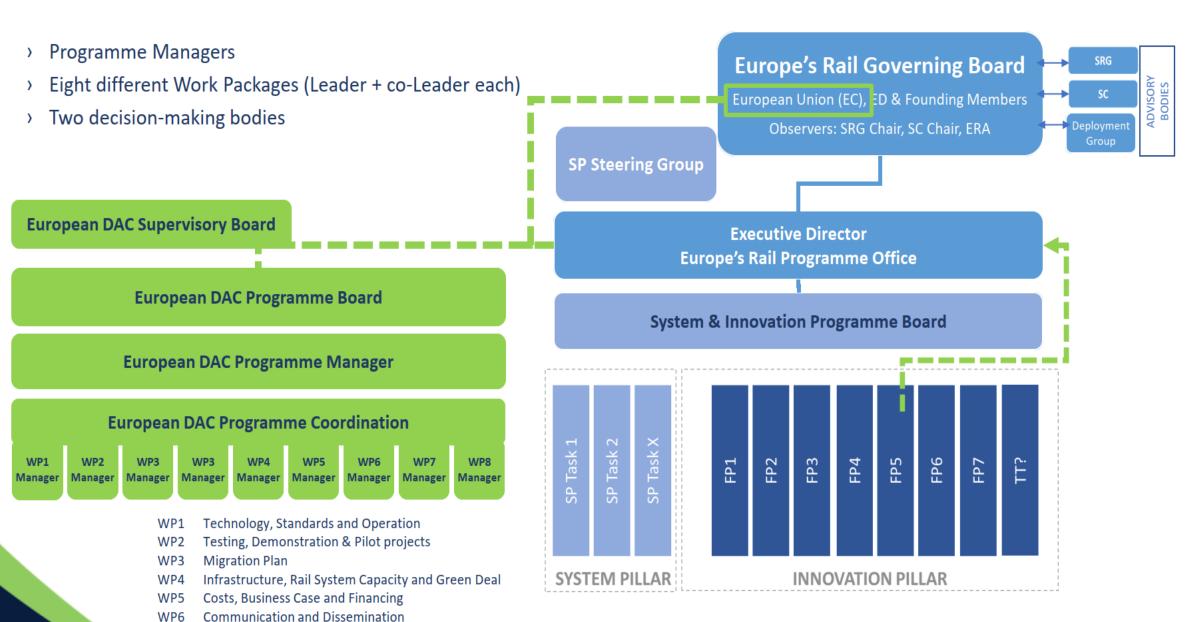
Increasing attractiveness of rail through telematics and automation

Workplace safety in customer sidings



### The EDDP structure

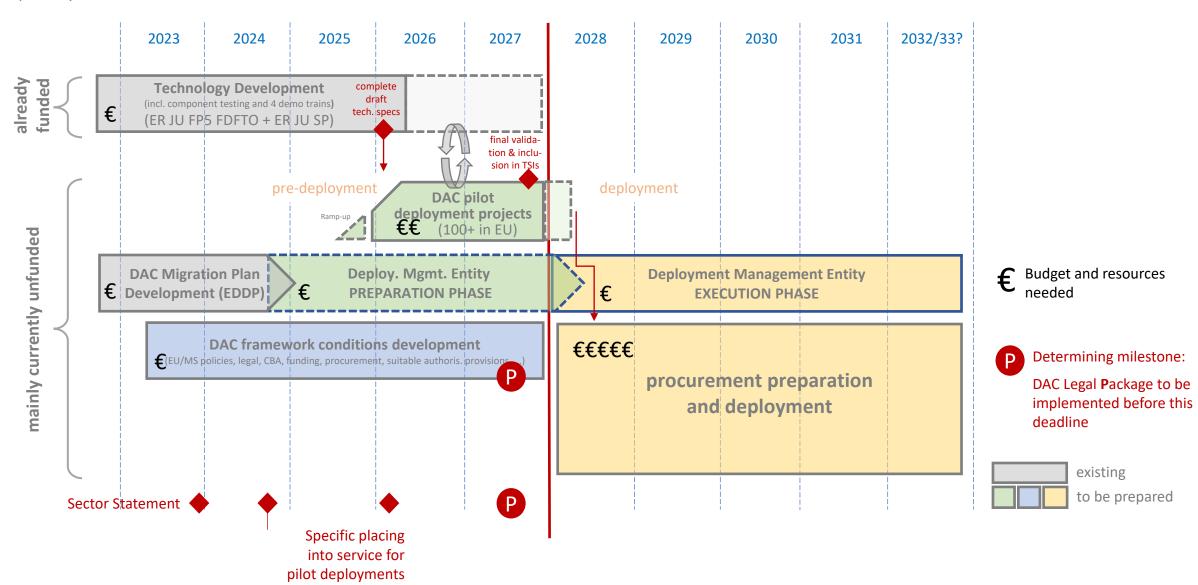




### DAC General Master Plan [GMP 01]

DB

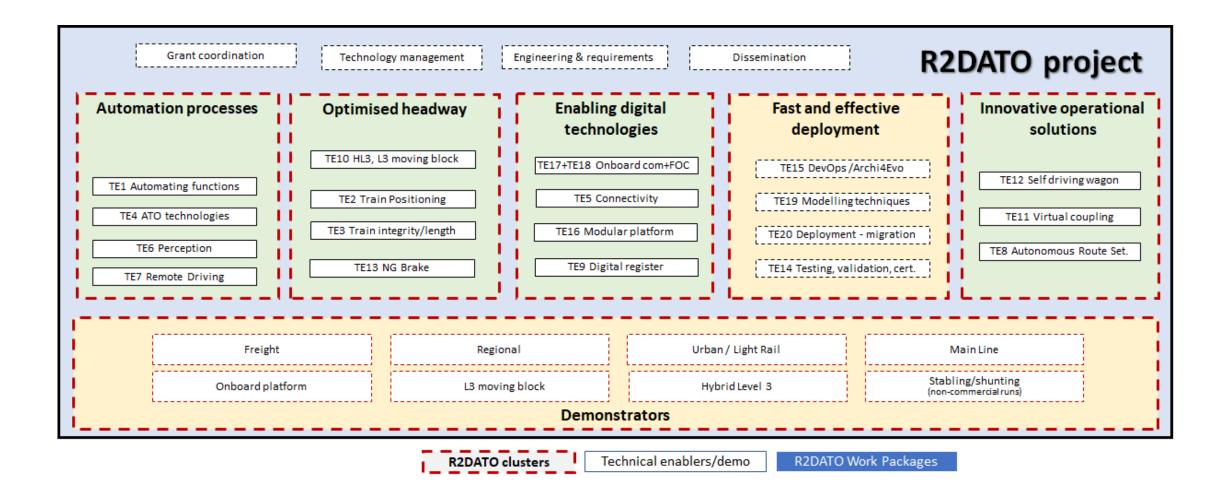
Adopted by the EDDP PB



(based on draft technical specs)

### Technical Development for Digital Automated Train Operatios Bundled in FP2 R2DATO





### R2DATO will demonstrate ATO-solutions for main line in a two step approach



Preparatory work to demonstrate ATO-solutions for main line bottlenecks

- The challenge in mixed traffic high-density networks is to
  - minimise headways between trains to increase railway capacity and
  - improve overall operational robustness
- determining the optimal operational margins for each train type
- Margins must be added to the planned timetable ("train path envelope"),
- Additionally, timing points to steer trains through network must be determined as optimal for DATO operation.
- Constraints are expected to be addressed by the TMS development in FP1 based on specification coming from R2DATO

### ATO over ERTMS demo in San Donato Test Ring

- The main object is highlighting relevant advantages deriving from the synergy between the digital automatic train operation up to GoA 4 and the CCS evolution, increasing the capacity and punctuality of railway lines, by enabling ETCS L3 moving block with minimal infrastructure elements
- Demonstrator will be located at RFI's ring circuit of San Donato in Italy, allowing the development and testing of new systems/components.
- Demonstration will be performed using the newest generation hybrid train, named "Blues", that can travel with diesel engines, on electrified lines and with batteries, allowing a 50% reduction in fuel consumption and CO<sub>2</sub> compared to current diesel trains. This train will be equipped with the GoA4 components

